LT. LAWRASON FOR THE NEGROES

Says His Company Did Not Fire Shots at Brownsville Riot.

CONTRADICTS THE EXPERTS

Insinuates That Cartridges Were Stolen by Whites and Placed in Road to Injure Negroes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—
Lieutenant George Carson Lawrason, who was in command of Company B, Twenty-fifth Infantry, on the night of the airray at Brownsville, Texas, was on the stand nearly all of to-day in the investigation being conducted by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. On practically all material points, his testimony corroborated that given by the men of his command, and also by the men of Companies C and D. He was shown bullets taken from the walls of houses in Brownsville, but could not say whether they had been fired from the Springfield rilles with which the Twenty-fifth Infantry was equipped, or wether they had been discharged from Krag-Jorgensen cartridges by Krag rifles or carbines. He further gave testimony inferring that the shells picked up in the streets may have been discharged on the range at Fort Nobrara and carried to Fort Brown, and also that he was certain that two of the rifles identified by expert examination of the shells as having been used to fire a certain lot of the chests in which they had been packed at Nobrara.

Company Under Arms.

Company Under Arms.

Lieutenant Lawrason told of having been awakened by firing and of his efforts to get the company formed amid the confusion attending the cail to arms, as well as a number of other matters on which all of the members of Company B had been examined, the said that he had posted his men along the wall in the rear of the barracks at the order of Major Penrose.

Senator Foraker asked the witness if the men could have cleaned their guns while stationed along the wall. Lawrason thought this would have been impossible.

According to his story on direct ex-Company Under Arms.

Ammunition All Accounted For.

Ammunition All Accounted For.

All of the guns, he said, were inspected the following morning when drill call was sounded and ammunition was inspected as well.

Lieutenant Lawrason told the committee that he had satisfied himself that guns of his company had not been used the night before. The men had all of their ammunition.

The witness explained that shells picked up on the range are saved and decapped and are then shipped back to the arsenal. He said that at Fort Niobrara there was something wrong with Company B's decapper, and the shells, more than a thousand in number, were put in a box and shipped to Fort Brown to be decapped there? He did not know what had become of the box after the arrival of the company at Brownswille, but there was considerable property left on the rear porch of the barracks.

The inference plainly shown by Senator Foraker's questions was that this box may have been accessible to Mexican boys or others and that shells bearing marks that could be traced to Company B rifles may have been carried into the town and afterwards thrown in the streets for the purpose of manufacturing evidence against the negro solders.

REV. MR. COVINGTON DECLINES THE CALL

Minister Invited to Monumental Prefers to Remain in His Present Pastorate.

A letter was received yesterday from A letter was received yesterday from the Rev. H. H. Covington, of Sumter, S. C., declining the call which had been extended to him by the vestry of Monumental Episcopal Church.

General expressions of regret were received from the members of Monumental Church who had been much pleased with the action of the vestry in calling Mr. Covington, and who were hoping to have his servires.

Mr. Covington's letter did not as-

inoping to have his servires.

Mr. Covington's letter did not assign any reason for his refusal to come to Richmond, but it is understood that his relations with his present congregation are of so harmonious a character that he is unwilling to break up his work at Sumter.

The vestry of Monumental have taken no action in the matter of Mr. Covington's letter, and will probably not meet this week, owing to the extra services of Holy Week. They will probably go into the matter of an other selection early next week, however, as the activities of the large church require the services of a rector as soon as possible.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children-Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of



PRESIDENT IS SCARED BY THE PANIC HE STARTED

The Scotch Library Laird Lunches With the Chief Executive and Later Declares That Roosevelt Is the Railroad's Friend.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27 .- An

drew Carnegie and Vice-President Fairbanks were guests at luncheon at the White House this afternoon. As on yesterday, Mr. Carnegie, in talking to the newspaper men, expressed the utmost confidence in Mr. Rosevelt's real friendship for the railroads and other business interests of the country. Other guests at the luncheon were Secretary Root, Assistant Secretary Bacon, and Mr. Robert McCornick, former ambassador, to Russia, It is presumed that the situation with regard to Wall Street and the railroads of the country was fully discussed.

There are indications that the President is seared. He is noticeably guarded in his expressions regarding future legislation affecting railroads and other corporations, as compared with what he was banks were guests at luncheon at the

porations, as compared with what he was two years ago, or even a year ago, or less. While it is not necessary to admit that the recent squeezes in Wall Street were genuine, and were not fixed up by the railroad magnates for the purpose of scaring the President and the country, and showing what the railroads could do, if they chose, it is believed the President is about convinced that the flurries were the railroad people that they were due to fear of unfriendly State legislation was correct. porations, as compared with what he was

fear of unfriendly State legislation was correct.

Secretary Cortelyou went to the relief of the money market and staved off serious trouble, but such relief as the Treasury Department can give is only temporary. It was stated several weeks ago, when the first squeeze came, that the department would not take any action in any event. It was understood that this was with the full approval of the President. The action of the Secretary this week was, of course, taken only after the President had approved the suggestion. This shows that Mr. Rossevelt has in fact come to believe in the genuineness of the scare, and that he himself is frightened.

A prominent railway official of this city, discussing the situation to-day, said there was no doubt that the President is primarily responsible for the anti-railway legislation of the various State Legislatures, a fact which few will deny.

"As a result of the legislative policies of some States," he said, "based on the President's anti-railroad propaganda and his vague threat as to his future recom-

CALL STRIKE IN

Vast Army of 45,000 Trainmen in West Ready to Lay Down

Their Work. CHICAGO, ILL., March 27 .- The 45,000

mendations for Federal legislation, it has become almost impossible for railroad companies to obtain additional capital on any terms, just at a time when the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars is imperatively required to increase railway facilities to an extent to enable the roads to handle the increasing traffic of the country.

"Reports from many sections show that important railway systems have been compelled to abandon, for the present at least, many of their most

present at least, many of their most extensive plans of improvement that would involve the distribution of many millions of dollars among workingmen and sellers of materials. The iron and steel industry is beginning already to feel the effects of decreased orders from rallways, and there is that the depression will speedi tend to other lines of business.

"I believe the situation is such as to afford ground for the fear that the anora ground for the fear that the Roosevelt administration may be re-membered as one which begun in a period of universal prosperity, without a cloud on the horizon, and which ended in gloom and general business depression. The fear of this is not confined to politicians, but is shared by many conservative business men of the country."

The official took from his desk a

copy of a set of resolutions recently adopted by the Chamber of Commerce of Chattanooga, Tenn.. declaring for

adopted by the Chamber of Commerce of Chattanooga, Tenn.. declaring for conservative legislative action so far as the railroads were concerned.

The resolutions refer to the disposition of the Legislatures of the several States "to add to the wholesome legislation of the National Congress State laws which are, in our judgment, unfair and unjust to the railroads, which have been such important factors in upbuilding our country." The resolutions recommend to the Legislature of Tennessee, which is now in session, that the present warfare on railroads be not encouraged or abetted in Tennessemble. "The real laws of the results of the

The whole effort of the railway president of to-day is towards preventing State legislation. He seems to have forgot that the Congress has any power to legislate on the subject of railroad legislation.

Possibly those who were within the power of the States was gone may be willing to willdraw some of the fervor from their remarks, at least.

week, had decided not to accept anything less than their original demands. Immediately after the joint confer-

less than their original demands.

Immediately after the joint conference broke up the representatives of the trainmen met to consider the advisability of calling a strike, in order to bring the rallroads to terms. Just what decision was reached is not known to-night, as the trainmen declined to discuss what had taken place at the meeting.

They were united, however, in declaring that a peaceable settlement of the controversy can be reached only by the general managers offering concessions. Another meeting of the union men has been scheduled for to-morrow. The outlook to-night is that a strike will be called within the next forty-eight hours, unless the rallroads request another conference.

P. H. Morrissey, chief of the trainmen's organization, said:

"We have been instructed by the men we represent to call a strike, unless the offer of the railroads was satisfactory to us. The vote by which this attitude was reached carried the strike proposition by a tremendous majority. We are not satisfied. We are not going to ask for any more conferences with the general managers. It is up to them to prevent the men quitting work, and the only way they can do this is to accede to our demands."

A. B. Garretson, chief of the conductors, also declared that no further conferences would be held with the general managers.

Secretarry Thompson, of the General

conferences would be hold with the general managers.

Secretary Thompson, of the General Managers' Association, said:

"We have not given up hope as yet of a peaceable adjustment of the difficulty."

or a peaceasic adjustment of the discutty."

Late to-night it was announced that arbitration under the Erdman act will be asked for by the railroads to prevent a strike. As a strike of the men would interfere with interstate commerce, railroad officials believe that they can prevent a strike by asking the government to step in and take command of the situation. The Erdman act, passed in 1898, provides for the arbitration of labor difficulties where interstate commerce is involved by the chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Corporations.

APPOMATTOX TEAM. Several Games Played, and to Meet McGuire's Saturday.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
APPOMATTOX, VA., March 27,—The APPOMATTOX, VA. March 27.—The a third of the time while the meetings Appomattox baseball team opened the are to be held—probably each for a season on last Saturday, playing against week. season on last Saturday, playing against Bellevue High School. The score resulted 11 to 5 in favor of Bellevue. On Monday they played the second game with Hoge Military Academy, of Backstone. The third game was played yesterday afternoon with Bellevue on their grounds. Score 9 to 8 in favor of Appomattoy. The next game will be next Saturday, with McCulre's School, of Richmond.

Mr. M. P. Tanner, of Lynchburg, who was playing here Monday with the School, of Richmond base twisted his left ankle and fractured the large bone. He was put on the rain and sent home, where the wound was crossed. It is feared by this physician that he will be kept on crutches for several months.

TO MAKE SPEECH NOT GIVE LECTURE

Committee Representing Illinois Manufacturers' Association Ask Him to Outline Policy.

FEAR WIDESPREAD DISTRUST

and Will Not Lend Necessary Money

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27 .-- A committee representing the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, by C. H. Smith, of Aurora, president, called on the President to-day by appointment and extended to him an invitation to address at Springfield, Ill., at the earliest possible date a convention of representatives of the manufacturing and mercantile interests of Illinois and the Middle West. The conference lasted over an hour, during which there was a free discussion of the railroad situation. At its conclusion the committee gave out the following statement; "The committee stated to the President that it fully appreciated and endorsed the very great work which he Smith, of Aurora, president, called on deric that it raily appreciates and en-dorsed the very great work which he had done and was doing in behalf of the people of the whole country in de-manding fair deals from the railroad in their relation with the shipping in-

interests.

"The committee submitted to the President that the present disturbed railroad financial condition was creating a feeling of timidity and apprehension to such an extent that it threatened an immediate curtailment of banking and business credit which had heretofore been extended to the business interests of the country at a time when the greatest possible demand for the further extension of credit prevailed for the development of the increasing demands of the manufacturing and merchantile industries of the country. It was shown to the President that the manufacturers in the enjoyment of their unprecedented credit had largely extended their business in the making of purchases necessary to fill orders which require many months for their completion; that the manufacturing and mercantile interests were apprehensive that a feeling of distrust was getting a foothold which would lead to financial curtailment and such restriction of credit as to threaten dangerous results to the great prosperity that now existed in all avenues of industry.

It was urged upon the President that a very great good would come to all interests alike if he would signify his

very great good would come to all nterests alike if he would signify his willingness to express in a public address as soon as possible the keynote of his creative and contructive policy. The President was informed by the committee that though the country's prosperity was very great, it would soon become seriously impaired by the creation of an uneasiness on the part of banks and investors, and would lead to such distrust as to prevent the supply of the necessary, moneys to satisfy existing wants.

"At the close of the conference the President thanked the committee for its frank statement of the existing conditions as they appeared to the committee, and promised that within a few days he would determine whether the conference of the confere his engagements would permit him to accept the committee's invitation, which he expressed himself as anxious to do if he possibly could."

REVIVALS IN CHURCHES.

Services at First and Second Bap tist Churches Continue.

The interesting series of services at
the First Baptist Church are attract-

ance increases each night. The sing-ing under leadership of a quartet choir has been unusually fine. The services will continue each night this week at 8 o'clock.

Fairmount Union Service.

Fairmount Union Service.
The Fairmount Avenue Methodist,
Christian and Baptist Churches will
unite for a series of revival meetings,
beginning Sunday night, April 14th
next. A committee, consisting of the
pastors and three laymen from each
church, met and formulated the plan.
Rev. H. J. Paylor was chosen chairman, T. E. Davis secretary and Edmund Wright treasurer. This comman, T. E. Davis secretary and Ed mund Wright treasurer. This com mittee was subdivided into three small or committees—on music, J. L. Mitch-ell, H. L. Morris and W. J. Redwood; on arrangements, T. E. Davis, Edward Wright and L. C. Smith; on finance, W. M. Jones, T. H. Morris and T. J

England.
The meetings will be held in the Baptist Church on account of its seating capacity and central location, and ing capacity and central location, and Mr. J. L. Mitchell, the popular choir leader, will organize and conduct a chorus of fifty voices. The preaching will be done by a minister from each denomination, who will each speak for

Assistant Librarian Says Mr. Kennedy Would Not Let Him -Leave.

LIBRARIAN MAKES

Think Banks May Become Timid Says Executive Committee of Board Would Not Let Mr. Evans Go:

> FARMVILLE, VA., March 27 .- The authorities at the State Female Normai School recently invited Mr. E. S. Evans, assistant librarium of the Virginia State Library, to make an dress before its students. Mr. J.

ginia State Library, to make an address before its students. Mr. J. D. Eggleston, Superintendent of Public Instruction, had re@mmended the lecture to the school authorities. Dr. Jarman received yesterday the following letter from Mr. Evans:

"Richmond, Va., March 25, 1997.
Dear Dr. Jarman,—Mr. Joseph D. Eggleston has just communicated to me your wish that I should deliver an illustrated lecture on bookbinding before the State Female Normal School.

"I feel gratified at the honor bestowed upon me, and would certainly come but for the fact that the State Librarian, Mr. Kennedy, informs me that he cannot agree for me to leave the Ilbrary for the whole day required to make the round trip to Farmville and return. With kindest regards, I am "Yours Very Truly, (Signed) "EDWARD S. EVANS."

What Mr. Kennedy Says. The State librarian, Mr. Kennedy as asked in regard to this matter last night. Mr. Kennedy stated that it was not true that he had declined to allow Mr. Evans to deliver an address in Farmville. The request for leave of absence, he asserted, had been presented to the executive committee of the library board, who decided that Mr. Evans's services were needed in the library, and that at this busy time of the year he could not be spared. Mr. Konnedy stated that he did not feel disposed to encourage outside lecturing on the part of the library em-ployes, as there was a large amount of work to be done in the library at this

time.
Mr. Evans is assistant' State librarian, and had delivered two lectures on bookbinding before two local schools, the lectures being illustrated by an exhibit which is regarded by educa-tors as of great value to teachers. This exhibit consists of specimens of

This exhibit consists of specimens of various bindings and phases of bookmaking, and enabled the teacher who heard it to judge intelligently of the morit or demorts of a book offered for use in the schools.

The exhibit had but two more days to remain here, and when it was suggested to Superintendent Eggleston that it would be of great value to have the lecture given to the 600 or 700 students of pedagogy at the Farmville Normal, all preparing for public school work, he promptly a julesced in the view. He wrote Mr. Evans, who had charge of the exhibit, asking him to give the lecture at Farmville, after having been assured by Dr. Jarman that he would be glad to have it done. Mr. Evans then applied to his chief, Librarian Kennedy, for the necessary permission and leave of absence for one day.

In view of the friction between the librarian or of the executive committee of the board is of interest at this time.

Interest in the Outcome.

tist Churches Continue.

The interesting series of services at the First Baptist Church are attracting large attendance.

Dr. Hulton preached last night on "Journeying Without Christ." The sermon was described as one of the strongest appeals possibly made to the unconverted.

His word pictures were magnificent and his illustrations timely and effective. Dr. Hulton is a preacher of power, and since his coming it has been necessary to hold the services in the main church auditorium.

Last night six or seven persons asked for prayer.

To-day Mr. Hulton will speak at the nooh hour at the Richmond Cedar Works; in the morning at the Woman's College, and in the evening at the First Baptist Church.

At Second Baptist.

At Second Baptist.

At Second Baptist Church large congregations are attending the daily services.

Dr. W. R. L. Smith preached last night a very earnest sermon, which was an especial appeal to the unconverted.

Interest in the Outcome.

Interest in the Outcome.

Interest in the Probable action of the Library Board two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather on the Library Board two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Library Board two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Library Board two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Library Board two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Librarian two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Librarian two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Librarian two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Librarian two weeks hence continues unabated, and will rather the Librarian of his action of the Librarian of the Librarian of the Librarian of the Librarian of his continues unabated, and will rather the Librarian of his continues u

who will go—the Librarian or his assistant?

All in any way officially connected with the matter are absolutely reticent. They decline to discuss any phase of the subject or any collateral questions, hypothetically or otherwise. Meanwhile, sentiment is so strong and so fixed on the subject that many are inclined to criticise certain members of the Board for positions which it is preconceived they will assume. As a matter of fact, no one knows just how any member of the Board will finally vote or act, if indeed, these gentlemen themselves are yet aware. There is no ground to assume that they will not do what in the light of all the ovidence appears to them best and for the best interests of the IBbrary.

Postal News.

Postal News.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.—Postmasters appointed Virginia—Hanford,
Mecklenburg county, William D. Adams, vice

W. I. Hester, resigned; Upright, Essex
county, Samuel T. Muse, vice J. B. Southard, deceased.

North Carolina—Fraubisco, Slokes county,
Sandy A. Moir, vice Elljah Beasley, resigned; Gravehill, Baden county, Charles E.
Sikes, vice A. L. Munn, resigned.

Rural fee delivery carrier; appointed for
Virginia routes: Bast Radford, route No. 1,
Harry II. Fark carrier, Frank Johnson substitute; Elko, route No. 1, Arthur R. Plahor
carrier, James S. Gatewood substitute; New
River Depot, route-No. 1, Joseph H. Einstein carrier, Charlie H. Einstein substitute.





Ladies' Belts For Easter

only Destonia Belt, in alligator and Dresden leathers, for Ellistic Betts studded with cut steel buckles 50c buckles 50c Beaded Belts, for \$1.00 Cut Steel Beaded Belts from 75c to \$2.98.

New White Silk Girdle, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

New Leather Belts, in all shades, with large buckles, 50c Belts, in all sizes. Sale 50c price New Jet Belts, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. New Belts, girdle effect, in jet and velvet, \$2.98. Cut Steel Beaded Belts from 75c to \$2.98.

Senator Machen Will Offer Bill Embodying Principle in Statute.

AGITATED BY MANY LAWYERS

Well Defined Precedent Set by Juries to Be Put Into the Code.

A great deal of interest is being displayed by lawyers throughout the State in the suggestion that the principles of the "unwritten law" be emodled into the statutes of the Com monwealth, and this will very probably be done at the coming session of the Legislature. Since the findings of the jury in the famous Culpeper case, in which the Strother brothers were acquitted of the murder of William F. Bywaters, and during the pendency of the trial of Harry K. Thaw in New York for the killing of Stantord Whits, York for the Kining of States been greatly interest in the subject has been greatly intensified, and Senator Lewis H. Machen, of Alexandria, has prepared a bill which he will offer on the subject when the next Legislature convenes in

Mr. Machen's Views.

Mr. Machen's Views.

Mr. Machen, in a written statement prepared for The Times-Dispatch, says:
There is much truth in the editorial in The Times-Dispatch saying that the principles of the so-called "unwritten law" afford the best protoction to the women of the land. Certainly purity at the home is of the lirst importance. The man who deflies it should be visited with swift and certain punishment.

Punishment at the hands of persons aggrieved is usually to be avoided, yet in the one case of the invasion of the home the common judgment of men holds the provocation

ed, yet in the one case of the invasion of the home the common judgment of men holds the provocation ample to justify the severest punishment by the injured party. But when this party is brought to trial it is found that the law is not in accord with the common judgment of men upon this point. The result is that juries frequently ignore the instructions of courts, which perrectly expound the law, and then we have what is called the "unwritten law," which in plain terms is the violation of law by juries. But juries are sworn to find verdicts according to the hiw, and therefore the so-called "unwritten law," can be applied only by juries who are willing to, violate their onths. Clearly, this is a deplorable thing. For when juries find it necessary to violate their onths in order to do justice the whole jury system is shaken to its foundations.

Should Be Written.

Should Be Written.

grieved husband grant proves conditions which seldom occur. All of them fall far short of what public opinion requires. Your paper would do a great service if you could concentrate the legal and legislative talent in this State upon the preparation of a statute which would exactly meet the requirements. The 'ollowing is suggested as a starter:

Be if enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, That in all criminal trials involving a charge of assault and battery, assault with intent to maim, disable, distingure and kill, or homicide, in which it is proven that the person upon whom such assault was committed had been guilty of a wrong upon the person of the wife, mother, sister or daughter of the accused, the jury shall be the judges of whether such provocation was sufficient to justify such assault, and may, if such assault was so justified, find a verdict of acquittal, it will be observed that the jury

justified, find a verdict of acquittal. It will be observed that the jury is invested with the discretion to judge of the sufficiency of the provocation. They exercise this discretion now in many cases, but they are obliged to violate their oaths to do so. Why not give them the legal right to exercise this discretion? It is safe to say that they may be trusted to reflect the soler common sense of the State, which, after all, is the court of last resort.

SALVADOR HAS HAD ENOUGH

Uiges Mexico to End the Central American War.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 27.-The State Department to-day received the following cablegram from Philip R. Brown, secretary of the American Lega-tion at Tegucilgalpa, the capital of Hon-durgs.

tion at Tegucingains, the capacity duras;

"Tegucingalpa was abandoned early yesterday precipitately. It was occupied last night by Nicaraguans and Honduran revolutionary forces. I assume charge in the intervals, with the aid of the con-

suis, and preserved order. The Bonillan government no longer exists."

Mr. Creel, the Mexican ambassador, today confirmed the press dispatches of this morning that Salvador has expressed a desire for peace in Central America, and is anxious to have Mexico exert its good influence in ending the war involving Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua.

The desire of Salvador for peace is regarded by diplomatists as an indication that the war is pratically ended cause Honduras is not strong enough to continue it single-handed. This action of Salvador will doubtless prevent Guatemala or Costa Rica from taking any part in the support of Henduras.

The Widow's Business. The Widow's Business.

"Do you think a widow has any business getting married a second time?"

"My boy, getting married the second time is a widow's business!"—Judge.

DEATHS. SMITH.—Died, yesterday afternoon, of nembranous croup, IDA EARL SMITH, daughter of Raphael and May Smith, ascel four years and one month.

Funcral at 3 o'clock TO-DAY from the Fone on Seven Pines Road, Interment at Oakwood.

NAUGHAN,—Entered into rest, Wednesday evening at \$150 o'clock, NAN-NIE JONES VAUGHAN, widow of Dr. I. H. Vaughan,
The funeral will take place from her late residence, "Woodlawn." Amelia county, FRIDAY, March 29th, at 11 A. M. Friends and acquaint-ances invited to attend.

DAILY TO BALTIMORE.

On and after April 1, 1907, schedule via the popular York River Line will be: Leave Richmond at 4:30 P. Al., daily, except Sunday; returning, leave Baltimore at 5:90 P. M. daily, except Sunday. Very low rates one way and round trip to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, It's the best way to reach Northern and Eastern points.

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Established Over a Century, Jewelers, Sliversmiths, Stationers.

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Exposition of course you will visit the Music Hall to see and hear the big organ, but that will not be all the attraction. Some of the best musicians will be at the

Jamestown

Stieff Pianos,

the only Planos there, and the only ones simply be-cause they are the best ones.

Do you treat your visi-tors as well? Do they, too, hear the sweet toned Stieff?

The Plano of the Expe-sition. sition. The Piano for you.

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NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Said Wit to Wisdom-